Steel

2

1

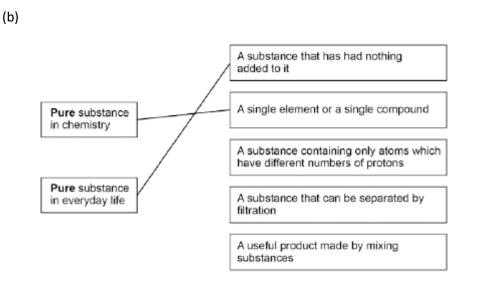
1

1

1

1

[6]



Allow 1 mark for the correct meanings linked to context but incorrect way around

(c) Damp litmus paper turns white

(d) Iron(III)

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(b) (i) 0

(ii) unreactive

(c) (i) 94.96(%)

(ii) any **two** from:

•

- plants or photosynthesis
- absorbed in oceans / seas
 - allow oceans store **or** take in **or** dissolve carbon dioxide
 - locked up in (sedimentary) rocks
- <u>locked</u> up in fossil fuels

2

1

1

1

1

M3. (a) bar drawn correctly 78 – 80 (%)

(b) (i) (Mars has) no (green / living) plants / trees

(ii) (argon) is unreactive / inert accept argon is a noble gas ignore it is in Group 0

(c) (the amount of carbon dioxide has decreased because it has been) absorbed / used by (green / living) plants / trees or used for photosynthesis accept dissolved / absorbed by oceans or locked up in fossil fuels / carbonate rocks

(d) the eruption of volcanoes

1

1

1

1

1

M4.		(a)	crust	ignore Earth's	1
		cor	e	ignore inner and/or outer	1
	(b)	bar	r chart		1
		all heights are correct accept correctly plotted points		1	
		all	labels are	e correct for nitrogen, oxygen and other / argon	1
	(c)	(i)	decom	posed	1
		(ii)	global	warming	1

[7]

M5.		(a)	(i)	nitrogen / N ₂	1
		(ii)	carl	bon dioxide / CO ₂	1
	(b)	(i)	hun	nans / scientists had not evolved accept it was billions / millions of years ago allow too long ago	1
		(ii)	tem	nperature is above 100°C or any water would evaporate / boil accept Venus is too hot	1
	(c)) any three from:			
		 used by <u>plants</u> 			
		•	use	ed for <u>photosynthesis</u> accept <u>plants take in carbon dioxide and give out oxygen</u> for the first two bullet points ie 2 marks	
		•	<u>dis</u>	solves in oceans / seas allow absorbs into oceans / seas	
		•	use	ed to form the shells / skeletons of marine organisms	
		•	loc	ked up as limestone / carbonates	
		•	<u>loc</u> l	<u>ked up</u> as fossil fuels / oil / coal	3

[7]

M6.		(a)	core		
			ignore outer or inner		
		ma	ntle		
	(b)	(i)	carbon dioxide		
			accept formula CO ₂	1	
			oxygen		
			accept formulae O ₂ /O	1	
		(ii)	4%		
		()		1	
		(iii)	carbon dioxide has <u>decreased</u> / from 95% to 0%	1	
			oxygen has <u>increased</u> / from 0% to 21%		
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1	
			any one from: (carbon dioxide decrease) • carbon dioxide used during photosynthesis / by plants		
			• carbon dioxide used during photosynthesis / by plants		
			carbon dioxide dissolves in oceans		
			• carbon dioxide is locked up in rocks / carbonates / fossil fuels		
			(oxygen increase)		
			• oxygen released during photosynthesis / by plants		
				1	

M7.	(a)	(i)	water <u>vapour</u> given out from volcano		
			accept steam not hydrogen and oxygen combining to form water		
				1	
condensed					
			accept rain / clouds formed just 'cools' is insufficient	1	
	(b) nitrogen (left) N ²				
			do not accept N	1	
	o	xygen (right) O ²		
			do not accept O	1	

[4]

M8. (a) respiration

combustion

1 mark each

(b) methane

water

1 mark each accept steam do **not** accept natural gas for methane do **not** accept hydrogen oxide

2

1

2

(c) greenhouse effect (increased)

accept (global) warming accept polar ice caps melt accept rising sea levels accept problems with climatic change do **not** accept changes to the weather **or** acid rain

[5]

M9.		(a) (i) nitrogen (gas) or N ₂	
		if only the formula is given it must be correct in every detail	1
		(ii) argon (gas) or Ar	1
		(iii) oxygen (gas) or O ₂	1
	(b)	vapour	1
		evaporating	1
		sea(s)	1
		condenses	1
	(c)	volcanoes or volcanic activity or the sea(s)	
		allow carbonates(s) (rocks) do not credit inside	
			1

[8]

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